

#### CCS – ONLY FOR OIL AND GAS SOURCES ?

#### NORCEM CO<sub>2</sub> Capture Project International CCS Conference 20-21 2015

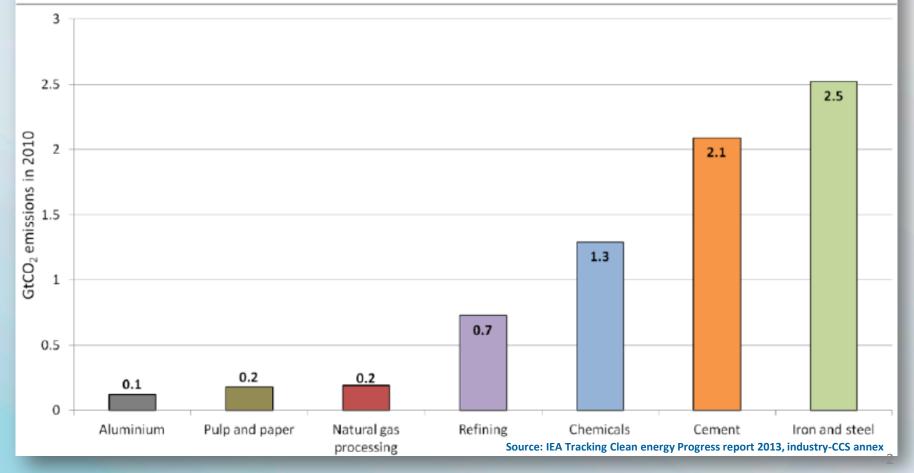
Dr. ing. Hans Jörg Fell



#### **LOGICAL EXPLANATION FOR CCS:**

FULL-SCALE AS ONLY OPPORTUNITY FOR MAJOR INDUSTRY

#### Figure 1. Global emissions from the seven most CO<sub>2</sub>-intense industrial sectors in the IEA *Energy Technology Perspectives* analysis

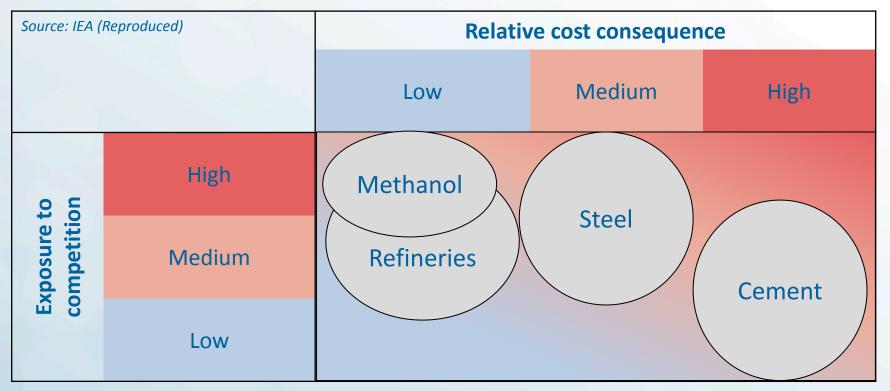


# **ENERGY INTENSIVE INDUSTRY**

- Commodity market
- Global competition
- Extremely cost effective
- Strong need for R&D
- Large volume production facilities
- High investment costs
- Emissions to air

# **CCS FOR INDUSTRY -** CARBON LEAKAGE AND TOLERANCE





- Global and standardised products  $\rightarrow$  High exposure to competition;
- High capture costs per unit of end product  $\rightarrow$  (Relative cost)
- Industry must also mobilise itself

## **ENTIRE VALUE CHAIN**

- CO<sub>2</sub> capture in industry
- Compression and transport
- EOR/CO<sub>2</sub> storage

#### **CLOSING THE GAP. FOCUS ON ...**





Infrastructure

Technology development





Legal framework

Government aid

Attractive in terms of practical economics

 $\checkmark$ 

Public acceptance



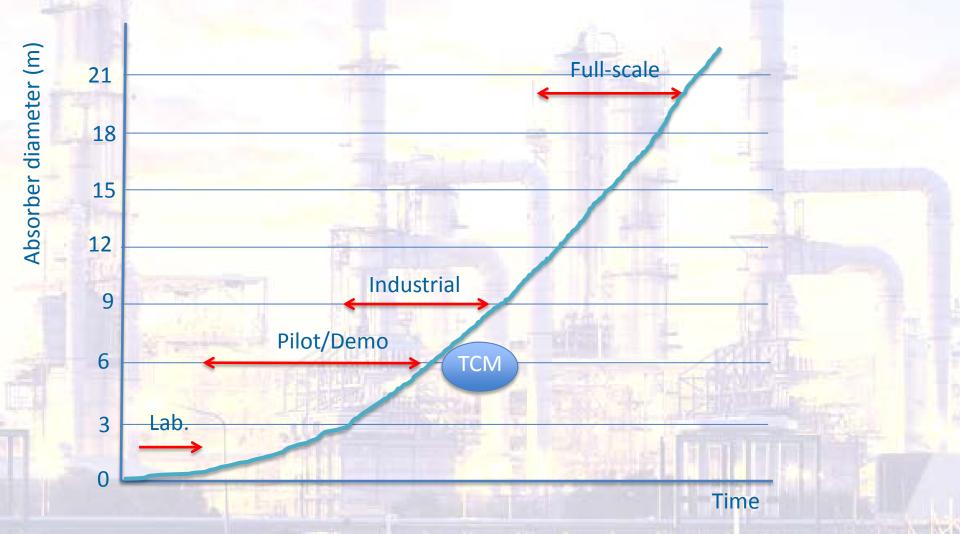
# SCALING UP NEW TECHNOLOGY -REDUCING RISKS



- Technical risk
- Relevant environment
- Availability
- Economics



## **FROM R&D – FULL-SCALE**



#### **LEARNING:** REDUCTION OF TECHNICAL RISK

Two years of extensive operational experience

- Transferable operational experience from TCM:
  - Energy optimization
  - Shut down/start-up procedures
  - Scale-up
  - Verification of simulation models
  - Solvent degradation waste handling

- Material selection

#### **LEARNING:** REDUCTION ENVIROMENTAL RISK

Experience with emissions in an

industrial scale

- Systematic approach to understand and manage emissions
  - Instrumentation and monitoring
  - Atmospheric chemistry, spread and degradation of amines
  - Monitoring in the vicinities



#### **LEARNING:** REDUCTION FINANCIAL RISK

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# Discoveries at TCM reduce financial cost and risk in forthcoming full-scale projects

#### EXAMPLES

- Material
- Constructed and verified the use of concrete absorbers with polymer (PP) lining
- Design optimization: Simulation models verified in an industrial scale can contribute to design optimization





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### **CCS IN ENERGY-INTENSIVE INDUSTRY** EXAMPLES FOM THE NORWEGIAN CLIMIT PROGRAM

# PALLADIUM MEMBRANES

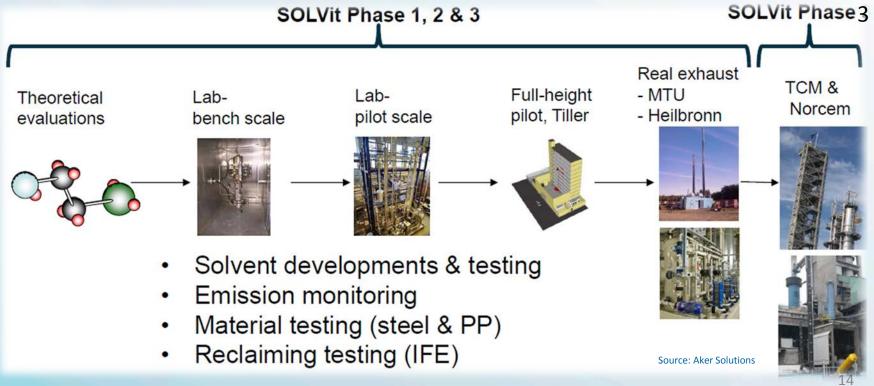
From R&D Demo

Complex Norwegian technology Total budget of 75.7 MNOK Partners are Reinertsen and SINTEF

# SOLVENTS FOR THE NEXT GENERATON

Post combustion CO<sub>2</sub> capture systems

- 3 phases running from 2008 to 2015
- Total budget of 340 MNOK of which 133 MNOK is funded by CLIMIT
- Improved energy efficiency (- 50%)
- 5 PhD + 3 post.doc + 8 masterstudents



GASSNOVA

## EUROPE'S FIRST CO<sub>2</sub> CAPTURE TEST FACILITY IN CEMENT INDUSTRY, BREVIK, NORWAY

Partners: Norcem, HeidelbergCement and ECRA (European Cement Research Academy)

Small Scale Test Centre Basis for qualification of CO<sub>2</sub> capture technologies Project on behalf of the European Cement Industry Evaluation of full scale capture Total budget: 93 MNOK

#### **COMPLETE - German CO<sub>2</sub> injection project**

Entire life cycle of a CO<sub>2</sub> storage project in pilot scale: preparation – injection – completion and follow up

Partners: SINTEF, GFZ, E.oN, RWE, Statoil, Vattenfall and OMW
Total budget: 81,4 MNOK; 11,4 MNOK funded by CLIMIT

# GASSNOVA'S REPORT ON POTENTIAL FULL-SCALE CCS PROJECTS IN NORWAY - PRE-FEASIBILITY STUDY

Summary by: The Ministry of Petroleum and Energy

HAS IDENTIFIED EMISSION SOURCES AND STORAGE SITES WHICH MAY BE TECHNICALLY FEASIBLE FOR A CCS PROJECT

Gassnova recommends continuing the work to facilitate feasibility studies of CO<sub>2</sub> capture at both Norcem and Yara's facilities.

Gassnova also recommends continuing the dialogue with the Waste-to-Energy Agency of Oslo about further studies at the Klemetsrud facility.

Gassnova has identified industrial companies interested in participating in feasibility studies of storage options. A storage site should be able to handle volumes from multiple sources.

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# Thank you!

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CLIMIT programme www.climit.no/en